THE GARDENS ON HAVANA METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 3 Arapahoe County, Colorado

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

THE GARDENS ON HAVANA METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 3 TABLE OF CONTENTS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT	I
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
STATEMENT OF NET POSITION	1
STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES	2
FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
BALANCE SHEET – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	3
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	4
RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES	5
GENERAL FUND – STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL	6
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	7
SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	
DEBT SERVICE FUND – SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL	20
OTHER INFORMATION	
SCHEDULE OF DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS TO MATURITY	22
SCHEDULE OF ASSESSED VALUATION, MILL LEVY, AND PROPERTY TAXES COLLECTED	23
CONTINUING DISCLOSURE OBLIGATION	
CONTINUING DISCLOSURE OBLIGATION	25



Board of Directors The Gardens on Havana Metropolitan District No. 3 Arapahoe County, Colorado

Independent Auditor's Report

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of The Gardens on Havana Metropolitan District No. 3 (the "District"), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of The Gardens on Havana Metropolitan District No. 3 as of December 31, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position and the respective budgetary comparison for the general fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP), and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.

Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.

Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.

Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control—related matters that we identified during the audit.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Management has omitted the management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinions on the basic financial statements are not affected by this missing information.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's financial statements as a whole. The supplementary information as listed in the table of contents is presented for the purposes of legal compliance and additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements. The supplementary information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States. In our opinion, such information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

Other Information and Continuing Disclosure Obligation

Management is responsible for the other information and continuing disclosure obligation included in our report. The other and continuing disclosure obligation information, as listed in the table of contents, does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information and continuing disclosure obligation, and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and continuing disclosure obligation and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and continuing disclosure obligation and the basic financial statements, or the other information and continuing disclosure obligation otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information and continuing disclosure obligation exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Wipfli LLP
Wipfli LLP
Denver, Colorado
July 29, 2024



THE GARDENS ON HAVANA METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 3 STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2023

	Governmental Activities
ASSETS	
Cash and Investments	\$ 100
Cash and Investments - Restricted	2,557,718
Accounts Receivable:	
PIF	72,103
Sales Tax Increment	255,963
Interest	368
From County Treasurer	720
From District No.2	22,689
Property Tax Receivable	29,932
Total Assets	2,939,593
LIABILITIES	
Accrued Interest	49,093
Noncurrent Liabilities:	
Due Within One Year	1,540,000
Due in More Than One Year	13,545,896
Total Liabilities	15,134,989
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred Property Tax	29,932
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	29,932_
NET POSITION	
Restricted for:	
Debt Service	2,860,468
Net Position - Unrestricted	(15,085,796)_
Total Net Position	\$ (12,225,328)

THE GARDENS ON HAVANA METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 3 STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

		Program Revenues						Net Revenues Expenses) and Changes in Net Position	
	Expens		Charges Operatir for Grants a Services Contributi		rating Capital ts and Grants and			Governmental Activities	
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS Primary Government: Governmental Activities:			·······································			Contribution		710111100	
General Government	\$ 7	75,750 \$	_	\$	-	\$	- \$	(75,750)	
Interest on Long-Term Debt									
and Related Costs	1,00	6,106	623,328			2,891,	854	2,509,076	
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 1,08	\$1,856 \$	623,328	\$		\$ 2,891,	854	2,433,326	
		REVENUES							
	Property							26,788	
	Specific Interest	Ownership Taxes						11,147 169,398	
		General Revenue	s and Transf	ers			_	207,333	
								<u> </u>	
	CHANGES	CHANGES IN NET POSITION							
	Net Position	Net Position - Beginning of Year							
	NET POSIT	ΓΙΟΝ - END OF YE	EAR				\$	(12,225,328)	

THE GARDENS ON HAVANA METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 3 BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2023

ASSETS	<u>G</u>	eneral		Debt Service	Total Governmental Funds		
Cash and Investments Cash and Investments - Restricted Receivable from County Treasurer Property Tax Receivable PIF Receivable Sales Tax Receivable Due from District No. 2 Interest Receivable	\$	100 - - - - -	\$	2,557,718 720 29,932 72,103 255,963 22,689 368	\$	100 2,557,718 720 29,932 72,103 255,963 22,689 368	
Total Assets	\$	100	\$	2,939,493	\$	2,939,593	
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES							
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Deferred Property Tax Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$	-	_\$	29,932 29,932	\$	29,932 29,932	
FUND BALANCES Restricted for: Debt Service Unassigned Total Fund Balances		100 100		2,909,561 - 2,909,561		2,909,561 100 2,909,661	
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$	100	\$	2,939,493			
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	of						
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due an in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the fu Bonds Payable Original Issue Discount Accrued Interest Payable on Bonds Net Position of Governmental Activities		е				(15,139,000) 64,829 (60,818)	
NET FOSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES					\$	(12,225,328)	

THE GARDENS ON HAVANA METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 3 STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

	Ger	neral	Debt Service		Total overnmental Funds
REVENUES			 	-	
Property Taxes	\$	_	\$ 26,788	\$	26,788
Specific Ownership Taxes		_	11,147		11,147
Property Tax Increment		_	1,990,044		1,990,044
Sales Tax Increment Revenue		_	755,597		755,597
PIF Revenue		_	622,687		622,687
Late Fees/Penalties		_	641		641
Interest Income		-	169,398		169,398
Intergovernmental Revenues		-	146,213		146,213
Total Revenues		-	3,722,515		3,722,515
EXPENDITURES					
Debt Service:					
County Treasurer's Fee		-	402		402
Bond Interest Series 2017A		-	681,381		681,381
Bond Interest Series 2017B		=	1,069,869		1,069,869
Bond Principal Series 2017A		-	1,995,000		1,995,000
Bond Principal Series 2017B		-	15,000		15,000
Paying Agent Fees		-	5,500		5,500
Total Expenditures		-	3,767,152		3,767,152
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers to District No.1			 (75,750)		(75,750)
Total Other Financing Uses			(75,750)		(75,750)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		-	(120,387)		(120,387)
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year		100	 3,029,948		3,030,048
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$	100	\$ 2,909,561	\$	2,909,661

THE GARDENS ON HAVANA METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 3 RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds

\$ (120,387)

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of government funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position.

Bond Principal Payment

2,010,000

Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds

Accrued Interest Payable - Change in Liability Amortization of Bond Discount 758,350 (7,304)

Changes in Net Position of Governmental Activities

\$ 2,640,659

THE GARDENS ON HAVANA METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 3 GENERAL FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

	and	ginal Final dget	Final E tual Pos		nce with Budget sitive gative)	
REVENUES						
Total Revenues	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
EXPENDITURES Total Expenditures						
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		-		-		-
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year		100		100		
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$	100	\$	100	\$	

NOTE 1 DEFINITION OF REPORTING ENTITY

The Gardens on Havana Metropolitan District No. 3 (the District), a quasi-municipal corporation and political subdivision of the state of Colorado, was organized by order and decree of the District Court on May 27, 2008 and is governed pursuant to provisions of the Colorado Special District Act (Title 32, Article 1, Colorado Revised Statutes). The District's service area is located in the City of Aurora in Arapahoe County, Colorado. The District was organized in conjunction with The Gardens on Havana Metropolitan District No. 1 (District No. 1) and The Gardens on Havana Metropolitan District No. 2 (District No. 2). The Districts have entered into a District Operating Agreement (see Agreements footnote). The Districts were established to finance the construction of certain public infrastructure improvements that benefit the property owners and citizens of the District. The District's primary revenues are property taxes it levies, transfers of property taxes from District No. 2, Aurora Urban Renewal Authority (AURA) tax increments, and public improvement fees. The District is governed by an elected Board of Directors.

The District follows the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) accounting pronouncements which provide guidance for determining which governmental activities, organizations and functions should be included within the financial reporting entity. GASB pronouncements set forth the financial accountability of a governmental organization's elected governing body as the basic criterion for including a possible component governmental organization in a primary government's legal entity. Financial accountability includes, but is not limited to, appointment of a voting majority of the organization's governing body, ability to impose its will on the organization, a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits or burdens, and fiscal dependency.

The District is not financially accountable for any other organization, nor is the District a component unit of any other primary governmental entity.

The District has no employees, and all operations and administrative functions are contracted.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The more significant accounting policies of the District are described as follows:

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements include the statement of net position and the statement of activities. These financial statements include all of the activities of the District. The effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities are normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues.

The statement of net position reports all financial and capital resources of the District. The difference between the sum of assets and deferred outflows and the sum of liabilities and deferred inflows is reported as net position.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct and indirect expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include: 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized in the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. The major sources of revenue susceptible to accrual are intergovernmental revenues, property taxes, and public improvement fees. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the District. Expenditures, other than interest on long-term obligations are recorded when the liability is incurred, or the long-term obligation is due.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Debt Service Fund accounts for the resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term debt of the governmental funds.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Budgets

In accordance with the State Budget Law, the District's Board of Directors holds public hearings in the fall each year to approve the budget and appropriate the funds for the ensuing year. The appropriation is at the total fund expenditures and other financing uses level and lapses at year-end. The District's Board of Directors can modify the budget by line item within the total appropriation without notification. The total appropriation can only be modified upon completion of notification and publication requirements. The budget includes each fund on its basis of accounting unless otherwise indicated.

The District has amended its annual budget for the year ended December 31, 2023.

Pooled Cash and Investments

The District follows the practice of pooling cash and investments of all funds to maximize investment earnings. Except when required by trust or other agreements, all cash is deposited to and disbursed from a single bank or investment account. Cash in excess of immediate operating requirements is pooled for deposit and investment flexibility. Investment earnings are allocated periodically to the participating funds based upon each fund's average equity balance in the total cash.

Intergovernmental Revenue and Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied by the District and District No. 2's Board of Directors. The levy is based on assessed valuations determined by the County Assessor generally as of January 1 of each year. The levy is normally set by December 15 by certification to the Board of County Commissioners to put the tax lien on the individual properties as of January 1 of the following year. The County Treasurer collects the determined taxes during the ensuing calendar year. The taxes are payable by April, at the taxpayer's election, or in equal installments in February and June. Delinquent taxpayers are notified in August and, generally, sale of the tax liens on delinquent properties are held in November or December. The County Treasurer remits the taxes collected monthly to the Districts.

Property taxes, net of estimated uncollectible taxes, are recorded initially as deferred inflow of resources in the year they are levied and measurable. The unearned property tax revenues are recorded as revenue in the year they are available or collected.

Original Issue Bond Discount/Premium

In the government-wide financial statements, bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the interest method. Unamortized amounts are netted against the outstanding balance of debt.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as expenditures.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Deferred Inflows of Resources

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the item, deferred property tax revenue, is deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amount becomes available.

Equity

Net Position

For government-wide presentation purposes, when both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's practice to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Fund Balance

Fund balance for governmental funds should be reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which spending can occur. Governmental funds report up to five classifications of fund balance: nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned. Because circumstances differ among governments, not every government or every governmental fund will present all of these components. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints:

Nonspendable Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that cannot be spent because it is either not in spendable form (such as prepaid amounts or inventory) or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that is constrained to being used for a specific purpose by external parties (such as bondholders), constitutional provisions, or enabling legislation.

Committed Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority, the Board of Directors. The constraint may be removed or changed only through formal action of the Board of Directors.

Assigned Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that is constrained by the government's intent to be used for specific purposes but is neither restricted nor committed. Intent is expressed by the Board of Directors to be used for a specific purpose. Constraints imposed on the use of assigned amounts are more easily removed or modified than those imposed on amounts that are classified as committed.

Unassigned Fund Balance – The residual portion of fund balance that does not meet any of the criteria described above.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Equity (Continued)

Fund Balance (Continued)

If more than one classification of fund balance is available for use when an expenditure is incurred, it is the District's practice to use the most restrictive classification first.

NOTE 3 CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Cash and investments as of December 31, 2023, are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Statement of Net Position:

Cash and Investments	\$ 100
Cash and Investments - Restricted	 2,557,718
Total Cash and Investments	\$ 2,557,818

Cash and investments as of December 31, 2023, consist of the following:

Deposits with Financial Institutions	\$ 152,987
Investments	2,404,831
Total Cash and Investments	\$ 2,557,818

Deposits with Financial Institutions

The Colorado Public Deposit Protection Act (PDPA) requires that all units of local government deposit cash in eligible public depositories. Eligibility is determined by state regulators. Amounts on deposit in excess of federal insurance levels must be collateralized. The eligible collateral is determined by the PDPA. PDPA allows the institution to create a single collateral pool for all public funds. The pool for all the uninsured public deposits as a group is to be maintained by another institution or held in trust. The market value of the collateral must be at least 102% of the aggregate uninsured deposits.

The State Commissioners for banks and financial services are required by statute to monitor the naming of eligible depositories and reporting of the uninsured deposits and assets maintained in the collateral pools.

On December 31, 2023, the District's cash deposits had a bank and carrying balance of \$152,987.

Investments

The District has not adopted a formal investment policy but follows the state statutes regarding investments.

NOTE 3 CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Investments (Continued)

The District generally limits its concentration of investments to those noted with an asterisk (*) below, which are believed to have minimal credit risk, minimal interest rate risk and no foreign currency risk. Additionally, the District is not subject to concentration risk or investment custodial risk disclosure requirements for investments that are in the possession of another party.

Colorado revised statutes limit investment maturities to five years or less unless formally approved by the Board of Directors. Such actions are generally associated with a debt service reserve or sinking fund requirements.

Colorado statutes specify investment instruments meeting defined rating and risk criteria in which local governments may invest which include:

- . Obligations of the United States, certain U.S. government agency securities and securities of the World Bank
- . General obligation and revenue bonds of U.S. local government entities
- . Certain certificates of participation
- . Certain securities lending agreements
- . Bankers' acceptances of certain banks
- . Commercial paper
- Written repurchase agreements and certain reverse repurchase agreements collateralized by certain authorized securities.
- . Certain money market funds
- . Guaranteed investment contracts
- Local government investment pools

As of December 31, 2023, the District had the following investments:

Investment	Maturity		Amount
Colorado Surplus Asset Fund	Weighted-Average		
Trust (CSAFE)	Under 60 Days	_\$_	2,404,831
		\$	2,404,831

CSAFE

The District invested in the Colorado Surplus Asset Fund Trust (CSAFE) (the Trust), which is an investment vehicle established by state statute for local government entities to pool surplus assets. The State Securities Commissioner administers and enforces all state statutes governing the Trust. The Trust currently offers two portfolios – CSAFE CASH FUND and CSAFE CORE.

CSAFE CASH FUND operations similar to a money market fund, with each share valued at \$1.00. CSAFE may invest in U.S. Treasury securities, repurchase agreements collateralized by U.S. Treasury securities, certain money market funds and highest rated commercial paper, any security allowed under CRS 24-75-601.

NOTE 3 CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

CSAFE (Continued)

CSAFE CORE, a variable Net Asset Value (NAV) Local Government Investment Pool, offers weekly liquidity and is managed to approximate a \$2.00 transactional share price. CSAFE CORE may invest in securities authorized by CRS 24-75-601, including U.S. Treasury securities, repurchase agreements collateralized by U.S. Treasury securities, certain obligations of U.S. government agencies, highest rated commercial paper, and any security allowed under CRS 24-75-601.

A designated custodial bank serves as custodian for CSAFE's portfolio pursuant to a custodian agreement. The custodian acts as safekeeping agent for CSAFE's investment portfolio and provides services as the depository in connection with direct investments and withdrawals. The custodian's internal records segregate investments owned by CSAFE. CSAFE CASH FUND is rated AAAmmf and CSAFE CORE is rated AAAf/S1 by Fitch Ratings. CSAFE records its investments at amortized cost and the District records its investments in CSAFE using the amortized cost method. There are no unfunded commitments, the redemption frequency is daily and there is no redemption notice period.

NOTE 4 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

The following is an analysis of changes in long-term debt for the period ending December 31, 2023:

	Balance at December 31, 2022	Additions	Reductions	Balance at December 31, 2023	Due Within One Year
Bonds Payable					
Series 2017A Senior Bonds	\$ 13,745,000	\$ -	\$ 1,995,000	\$ 11,750,000	\$ 1,540,000
Series 2017B Subordinate Bonds	3,404,000	-	15,000	3,389,000	-
Accrued Interest on:					
Series 2017B Subordinate Bonds	762,386	319,208	1,069,869	11,725	
Subtotal Bonds Payable	17,911,386	319,208	3,079,869	15,150,725	1,540,000
Bond Discount					
Series 2017B Subordinate Bonds	(72,133)		(7,304)	(64,829)	
Subtotal Bond Discount	(72,133)	_	(7,304)	(64,829)	
Total Long-Term Obligations	\$ 17,839,253	\$ 319,208	\$ 3,072,565	\$ 15,085,896	\$ 1,540,000

The detail of the District's long-term obligations is as follows:

On April 7, 2017, the District issued its Special Revenue Refunding Bonds, 2017A Bonds (the 2017A Bonds) and its Subordinate Special Revenue Bonds, 2017B Bonds (the 2017B Bonds) in the respective amounts of \$23,895,000 and \$3,404,000. Proceeds from the sale of the Bonds were used for the purposes of: (a) refunding District No. 1's outstanding Loans and Bonds; (b) funding repayment of advances from the Developer under the Improvement Acquisition Agreement; and (c) paying other costs in connection with the issuance of the 2017A Bonds and the 2017B Bonds. The 2017A Bonds bear interest at rates ranging from 3.625% to 5.250%, payable semi-annually on June 1 and December 1, beginning on June 1, 2017.

NOTE 4 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

Annual mandatory sinking fund principal payments are due on December 1, beginning on December 1, 2017. The 2017A Bonds mature on December 1, 2047. The 2017B Bonds bear interest at 7.750% payable annually on December 15, beginning on December 15, 2017, but only to the extent of available Subordinate Pledged Revenue. The 2017B Bonds are structured as cash flow bonds, meaning that there are no scheduled payments of principal or interest. Unpaid interest on the 2017B Bonds compounds annually on each December 15.

The 2017A Bonds are secured by and payable solely from the Senior Pledged Revenues consisting of Pledged Property Tax Revenues, Pledged Sales and Use Tax Revenues, Sales PIF Pledged Revenues and Pledge Agreement Revenues, comprised of revenues resulting from imposition by District No. 3 and District No. 2 of ad valorem property taxes. The 2017A Bonds are further secured by amounts accumulated in the Surplus Fund. Senior Pledged revenue that is not needed to pay debt service on the 2017A Bonds will be deposited to and held in the Surplus Fund, up to the applicable maximum surplus amount. The 2017B Bonds are secured by and payable solely from Subordinate Pledged Revenues consisting of excess Senior Pledged revenues, meaning any Senior Pledged Revenue available after being applied first to the payment of the 2017A Bonds, and second to the credit of the Surplus Fund up to the amount necessary for deposit in the Surplus Fund, and any amounts released from the Surplus Fund.

The 2017A Bonds are subject to extraordinary mandatory redemption, meaning that in the event all Subordinate Bonds are paid in full, all Pledged Revenue remaining after the payment of debt service on 2017A Bonds and in excess of the Maximum Surplus Amount will be used to redeem 2017A Bonds. The 2017A Bonds are not subject to early termination.

Events of default occur if the District fails or refuses to impose the Senior Mill Levy or to apply the Pledged Revenue as required by the Senior Indenture and does not comply with other customary terms and conditions consistent with normal municipal financing as described in the Senior Indenture. The failure to pay the principal of or the interest on the Senior Bonds when due shall not, in and of itself, constitute an Event of Default under the Senior Bonds Indenture if the reason of such failure is an insufficiency of Pledged Revenues.

The 2017A Bonds do not have any unused lines of credit.

NOTE 4 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

The 2017A Bonds mature as follows:

Year Ending December 31,	Principal		<u>1,</u> Principal		 Interest		Total
2024	\$	1,540,000	\$ 589,113	\$	2,129,113		
2025		610,000	517,888		1,127,888		
2026		655,000	489,675		1,144,675		
2027		695,000	459,381		1,154,381		
2028		745,000	427,238		1,172,238		
2029-2033		3,095,000	1,584,994		4,679,994		
2034-2038		1,130,000	1,044,563		2,174,563		
2039-2043		1,585,000	705,864		2,290,864		
2044-2047		1,695,000	 229,426		1,924,426		
Total	\$	11,750,000	\$ 6,048,142	\$	17,798,142		

Debt Authorization

On May 6, 2008, a majority of the qualified electors of the District authorized the issuance of indebtedness in an amount not to exceed \$450,000,000. As of December 31, 2023, the District had remaining voted debt authorization of approximately \$719,213,495. The District has not budgeted to issue any new debt during 2023. Per the District's Service Plan, the District, together with District No. 1 and 2, cannot issue debt in excess of \$75,000,000.

NOTE 5 RELATED PARTY

All of the Board of Directors are employees, owners, or are otherwise associated with the Developer and may have conflicts of interest in dealing with the District. Management believes that all potential conflicts, if any, have been disclosed to the Board. Also, the Developer has various agreements with the District.

NOTE 6 AGREEMENTS

Improvement Acquisition Agreement

The District, Weingarten Miller MDH Buckingham, LLC, District No. 1 and District No. 2 entered into an Improvement Acquisition Agreement (Improvement Acquisition Agreement) dated February 26, 2009, amended January 13, 2012. In 2012, Weingarten Miller MDH Buckingham, LLC changed its name to Miller MDH Buckingham, LLC. Under the agreement, District No. 1 agreed to reimburse Miller MDH Buckingham, LLC for all District Eligible Costs incurred by Miller MDH Buckingham, LLC for the public infrastructure. On October 14, 2014, Miller MDH Buckingham, LLC assigned their interest in the Improvement Acquisition Agreement to Wilson Garden Havana, LLC. The reimbursable district eligible costs shall bear simple interest at a rate of 8.000% per annum from the time said obligation is paid or funded. The District acknowledges that the repayment of district eligible costs under this agreement constitute "capital costs" for which they are obligated to pay to District No. 1 from the proceeds of any debt issued, subject to the terms of the Master Intergovernmental Agreement (Master IGA).

NOTE 6 AGREEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Improvement Acquisition Agreement (Continued)

Per the Improvement Acquisition Agreement, any mill levy certified by the District and/or District No. 2 for the purposes of repaying advances shall not exceed 50.000 mills. No amounts are currently due under the Improvement Acquisition Agreement.

District Operating Agreement

On April 7, 2017, the Districts entered into a District Intergovernmental Agreement (the District Operating Agreement) which supersedes the previous Master IGA, pursuant to which, among other matters, District No. 1 is designated the "operating district" to operate and maintain any Public Improvements within the boundaries of the Districts not owned and operated by the City of Aurora and provides certain Administrative Services for the Districts. For the purposes of funding the costs associated with providing such services, the District agrees to transfer to District No. 1 the Operation and Maintenance Annual Amount made available in accordance with the 2017A Bonds. The District Operating Agreement provides that the Districts also may, but are not obligated to, impose an operations and maintenance mill levy to provide additional operation and maintenance services not included in the Operating District Responsibilities as defined in the District Operating Agreement. District No. 1 and District No. 2 agree not to impose a debt service mill levy in excess of that required under the Pledge Agreement so long as the Bonds or any refunding thereof are outstanding. The Districts further agree that all remaining Service Plan debt authorization of the Districts shall be allocated to the District. Any District is permitted to terminate the Operating District Agreement as it relates to the provision of Operating District Responsibilities by District No. 1 for such District upon 90 days' written notice to District No. 1.

Capital Pledge Agreement

On February 15, 2012, as amended October 7, 2014, the Districts entered into a Capital Pledge Agreement. Under the Capital Pledge Agreement, the District and District No. 2 were liable for the repayment of the Series 2012 and 2014 Loans and Series 2014B Subordinate Bonds based upon the amount of revenues generated from the imposition of a capital mill levy. District No. 2 shall impose an ad valorem mill levy upon all taxable property of District No. 2 each year sufficient (when combined with other revenues of the Districts) to pay annual bond costs in an amount of not less than 25.000 mills but not more than 50.000 mills, subject to adjustment. The District shall impose an ad valorem mill levy upon all taxable property of the District each year sufficient to pay annual bonds costs in an amount not less than 35.000 mills, but not more than 50.000 mills, subject to adjustment. The Capital Pledge Agreement will terminate when all Revenue Bonds permitted by District No. 1 have been defeased. During 2017, the Agreement was amended and restated, with the District being designated as the issuer of debt and having further agreed to enter into an agreement to facilitate the issuance of bonds to refund District No. 1's existing Series 2012 and 2014 Loans and Series 2014B Subordinate bonds and facilitate the issuance of certain additional obligations. District No. 2 shall continue to impose an ad valorem mill levy upon all taxable property of District No. 2 to pay annual bond costs in an amount of 25.000 mills. The District shall impose an ad valorem mill levy upon all taxable property of the District to pay annual bond cost in amount of 35.000 mills (as adjusted). The obligation of District No. 2 and the District to impose the above mill levies expires in tax collection year 2032.

NOTE 6 AGREEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Public Finance and Redevelopment Agreement

On March 25, 2009, the Aurora Urban Renewal Authority (AURA), Weingarten Miller MDH Buckingham, LLC, and District No. 1 entered into a Public Finance and Redevelopment Agreement. In 2012, Weingarten Miller MDH Buckingham, LLC changed its name to Miller MDH Buckingham, LLC. On October 14, 2014, Miller MDH Buckingham, LLC assigned their rights under the agreement to Wilson Gardens Havana, LLC. Under the agreement, AURA will pledge to District No. 1 incremental property tax revenues, 22.000% of the incremental sales tax revenues in excess of \$748,927, and 100.00% of incremental use tax revenues for the payment of actual costs of or relating to the public improvements and administration and management of District No. 1. The Pledged Revenue will be paid on June 30th and December 31st in each year. Under the agreement, the Miller MDH Buckingham, LLC or Wilson Gardens Havana, LLC will impose a Public Improvement Fee (PIF) in the amount of one half of a percent of the purchase price of each transaction involving the sale of goods or services. The PIF shall be pledged against the payment of any bond requirements and eligible costs. Under the agreement, the Districts shall impose a debt service mill levy of not less than 20.000 mills and no more than 50.000 mills during the term of the agreement. The Agreement will terminate upon the earlier of (a) payment in full of the funding obligation of \$12,000,000, plus interest of 8.000% on the unpaid funding obligation or (b) December 31st of the calendar year in which the 15 year anniversary of the issuance of the initial building permit for the residential portion of the Project will occur, which is December 31, 2024, provided however, that no pledged revenues generated with District No. 1 shall be available to make pledged revenue payments under this agreement after December 31, 2024. This Agreement was assigned to the District during 2017 and concurrently with the issuance of the 2017A and 2017B Bonds. The District now assumes the role of District No. 1 as the revenues generated under this Agreement are pledged to the 2017 Bonds.

NOTE 7 NET POSITION

The District has net position consisting of two components – restricted and unrestricted.

The restricted component of net position consists of assets that are restricted for use either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The District had restricted net position as of December 31, 2023, for debt service totaling \$2,860,468.

The District has a deficit in unrestricted net position. This deficit amount is the result of the District being responsible for repayment of bonds issued for public improvements which were conveyed to other governmental entities and which costs were removed from the District's financial records.

NOTE 8 RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; thefts of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors or omissions; injuries to employees; or acts of God.

The District is a member of the Colorado Special Districts Property and Liability Pool (Pool). The Pool is an organization created by intergovernmental agreement to provide property, liability, public officials' liability, boiler and machinery and workers' compensation coverage to its members. Settled claims have not exceeded this coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The District pays annual premiums to the Pool for liability, property, public official's liability and workers' compensation coverage. In the event aggregated losses incurred by the Pool exceed amounts recoverable from reinsurance contracts and funds accumulated by the Pool, the Pool may require additional contributions from the Pool members. Any excess funds which the Pool determines are not needed for purposes of the Pool may be returned to the members pursuant to a distribution formula.

NOTE 9 TAX, SPENDING, AND DEBT LIMITATIONS

Article X, Section 20 of the Colorado Constitution, commonly known as the Taxpayer's Bill of Rights (TABOR), contains tax, spending, revenue, and debt limitations which apply to the state of Colorado and all local governments.

Spending and revenue limits are determined based on the prior year's Fiscal Year Spending adjusted for allowable increases based upon inflation and local growth. Fiscal Year Spending is generally defined as expenditures plus reserve increases with certain exceptions. Revenue in excess of the Fiscal Year Spending limit must be refunded unless the voters approve retention of such revenue.

On May 6, 2008, a majority of the District's electors authorized the District to collect and spend or retain in a reserve all currently levied taxes and fees of the District without regard to any limitations under Article X, Section 20 of the Colorado Constitution.

TABOR requires local governments to establish Emergency Reserves. These reserves must be at least 3.000% of Fiscal Year Spending (excluding bonded debt service). Local governments are not allowed to use the Emergency Reserves to compensate for economic conditions, revenue shortfalls, or salary or benefit increases.

The District's management believes it is in compliance with the provisions of TABOR. However, TABOR is complex and subject to interpretation. Many of the provisions, including the interpretation of how to calculate Fiscal Year Spending limits, will require judicial interpretation.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

THE GARDENS ON HAVANA METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 3 DEBT SERVICE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

								ance with I Budget
	Budget				Actual		ositive	
		Original		Final	Amounts		(Ne	egative)
REVENUES								
Property Taxes	\$	24,419	\$	26,788	\$	26,788	\$	-
Specific Ownership Taxes		10,182		11,147		11,147		-
Property Tax Increment		1,970,000		1,990,044		1,990,044		-
Sales Tax Increment Revenue		755,000		755,597		755,597		-
PIF Revenue		650,000		622,687		622,687		-
Late Fees/Penalties		-		641		641		-
Interest Income		67,800		169,398		169,398		-
Intergovernmental Revenues		139,413		146,213		146,213		-
Total Revenues		3,616,814		3,722,515		3,722,515		-
EXPENDITURES								
County Treasurer's Fee		361		402		402		-
Miscellaneous		500		-		-		_
Paying Agent Fees		5,500		5,500		5,500		_
Bond Interest Series 2017A		681,381		681,381		681,381		_
Bond Interest Series 2017B		773,110		1,069,869		1,069,869		_
Bond Principal Series 2017A		1,995,000		1,995,000		1,995,000		_
Bond Principal Series 2017B		150,000		15,000		15,000		_
Total Expenditures		3,605,852		3,767,152		3,767,152		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers to District No.1		(75,750)		(75,750)		(75,750)		-
Total Other Financing Uses		(75,750)		(75,750)		(75,750)		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(64,788)		(120,387)		(120,387)		-
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year		2,685,658		3,029,948		3,029,948		
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$	2,620,870	\$	2,909,561	\$	2,909,561	\$	

OTHER INFORMATION

THE GARDENS ON HAVANA METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 3 SCHEDULE OF DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS TO MATURITY DECEMBER 31, 2023

\$23,895,000 Senior Bonds, Series 2017A Dated April 7, 2017 Interest Rate 3.625% - 5.250% Interest Payable June 1 and December 1 Principal Payable December 1

Year Ending December 31,	 Principal	Interest	Total		
2024	\$ 1,540,000	\$ 589,113	\$	2,129,113	
2025	610,000	517,888		1,127,888	
2026	655,000	489,675		1,144,675	
2027	695,000	459,381		1,154,381	
2028	745,000	427,238		1,172,238	
2029	655,000	389,056		1,044,056	
2030	705,000	355,488		1,060,488	
2031	745,000	319,356		1,064,356	
2032	805,000	281,175		1,086,175	
2033	185,000	239,919		424,919	
2034	195,000	230,438		425,438	
2035	210,000	220,444		430,444	
2036	225,000	209,681		434,681	
2037	240,000	198,150		438,150	
2038	260,000	185,850		445,850	
2039	275,000	172,200		447,200	
2040	295,000	157,763		452,763	
2041	315,000	142,275		457,275	
2042	340,000	125,738		465,738	
2043	360,000	107,888		467,888	
2044	385,000	88,988		473,988	
2045	410,000	68,775		478,775	
2046	435,000	47,250		482,250	
2047	 465,000	 24,413		489,413	
Total	\$ 11,750,000	\$ 6,048,142	\$	17,798,142	

THE GARDENS ON HAVANA METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 3 SCHEDULE OF ASSESSED VALUATION, MILL LEVY, AND PROPERTY TAXES COLLECTED DECEMBER 31, 2023

	-	rior Year Assessed					
		luation for	Mills L	evied			Percent
Year Ended	Cu	rrent Year		Debt	Total Pro	perty Taxes	Collected
December 31,	T	ax Levy	General	Service	Levied	Collected	to Levied
2019 2020 2021 2022 2023	\$	595,025 563,065 538,996 631,883 599,169	0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000	38.694 38.955 38.965 38.965 40.754	\$ 23,024 21,934 21,002 24,621 24,419	\$ 19,648 20,727 24,130 27,785 26,788	85.34 % 94.50 114.89 112.85 109.70
Estimated for the Year Ending December 31,							
2024	\$	721,102	0.000	41.508	\$ 29,932		

NOTE:

Property taxes shown as collected in any one year may include collection of delinquent property taxes assessed in prior years. This presentation does not attempt to identify specific year of assessment.

CONTINUING DISCLOSURE OBLIGATION

(2017 Bonds Annual Report – Due September 30th)

TABLE II - HISTORY OF THE ISSUER AND DISTRICT NO. 2's ASSESSED VALUATION (UNAUDITED)

				District	No. 3				District No. 2						
Levy/Collection Year	А	Base ssessed Value	sed Increment Assessed Percent		ent Assessed			Tax Increment Valuation		Ass	iross sessed luation	Percent Change			
2014/2015	\$	459,046	\$	33,424	\$	492,470	(5.56	6)%	\$	3,349,233	\$ 15,	521,026	\$ 18,	870,259	13.65 %
2015/2016		564,667		1,659,406	2	,224,073	351.62	2		3,642,431	17,4	161,077	21,	103,508	11.83
2016/2017		585,750		1,822,334	2	,408,084	8.27	,		3,592,463	18,4	131,056	22,	023,519	4.36
2017/2018		514,917		2,993,221	3	,508,138	45.68	3		3,666,907	18,8	349,629	22,	516,536	2.24
2018/2019		595,025		2,980,285	3	,575,310	1.91			3,757,857	19,3	326,757	23,	084,614	2.52
2019/2020		563,065		3,139,008	3	,702,073	3.55	5		4,034,749	20,	549,088	24,	583,837	6.49
2020/2021		538,996		3,216,527	3	,755,523	1.44	ļ		3,967,644	20,6	63,297	24,	630,941	0.19
2021/2022		631,883		3,770,846	4	,402,519	17.23	3		4,096,024	21,3	320,885	25,	416,909	3.19
2022/2023		599,169		3,565,019	4	,164,188	(5.42	2)		3,958,217	21,4	184,575	25,	442,792	0.10
2023/2024		721,102		4,293,703	5	,014,805	20.43	3		4,364,094	23,	711,050	28,	075,144	10.35

TABLE III - HISTORY OF ISSUER'S AND DISTRICT NO. 2'S MILL LEVIES AND PROPERTY TAX COLLECTIONS (UNAUDITED)

		Dis	trict No. 3					Dis	strict No. 2		
Levy/Collection Year	•		Mill Fund Taxes		Taxes ollected	Mill Fu	Debt Service Mill Fund Levy		Taxes Levied ¹		Taxes Collected
2014/2015	35.000	\$	17,236	\$	16,820	2	5.000	\$	471,756	\$	471,655
2015/2016	35.000		77,843		77,298	2	5.000		527,588		558,716
2016/2017	35.000		84,283		85,654	2	5.000		550,588		541,247
2017/2018	38.694		135,744		136,056	2	5.000		562,913		551,984
2018/2019	38.694		138,343		134,518	2	5.000		577,115		565,438
2019/2020	38.995		144,362		142,434	2	5.000		614,596		598,310
2020/2021	38.965		146,334		147,118	2	5.000		615,774		603,975
2021/2022	38.965		171,544		171,561	2	5.000		635,423		619,165
2022/2023	40.754		169,707		169,146	2	5.687		653,549		640,511
2023/2024	41.508		208,155		-	2	6.132		733,660		-

¹ Property taxes levied and collected are based on the "gross" assessed valuation, which includes incremental assessed valuation in excess of "base" valuation in the Tax Increment Financing Areas from which the Districts do not receive property tax revenue, except as payable to AURA to the Issuer in accordance with the Redevelopment Agreement.

TABLE IV - 2023 ASSESSED AND "ACTUAL" VALUATION OF CLASSES OF PROPERTY IN THE ISSUER (UNAUDITED)

Class	Assessed Valuation	Percent of Assessed Valuation	 "Actual" Valuation	Percent of "Actual" Valuation	
Residential Multi Family	\$ 4,855,825	96.83 %	\$ 72,475,000	99.57 %	
Personal Property	158,140	3.15	308,135	0.42	
State Assessed	700	0.01	2,509	0.00	
Vacant Land	140	0.00	500	0.00	
Total	\$ 5,014,805	100.00 %	\$ 72,786,144	100.00 %	

TABLE V - 2023 ASSESSED AND "ACTUAL" VALUATION OF CLASSES OF PROPERTY IN DISTRICT NO. 2 (UNAUDITED)

Class	 Assessed Valuation	Percent of Assessed Valuation	"Actual" Valuation	Percent of "Actual" Valuation	
Commercial	\$ 20,754,731	73.93 %	\$ 74,389,721	73.92 %	
Personal Property	7,319,673	26.07	26,236,903	26.07	
State Assessed	600	0.00	2,151	0.00	
Vacant Land	 140	0.00	500	0.00	
Total	\$ 28,075,144	100.00 %	\$ 100,629,275	100.00 %	

TABLE VI - 2023 LARGEST TAXPAYERS WITHIN THE ISSUER (UNAUDITED)

Name	2023 Assessed Valuation	Percent of Total Assessed Valuation
CPUS VIRIDIAN LP	\$ 4,855,825	96.83 %
CENTRO APARTMENTS	85,230	1.70
PUBLIC SVC CO OF COLORADO PROPERTY TAX DEPT	72,170	1.44
LUMEN QWEST CORP.	700	0.01
NPRTO WEST LLC	683	0.01
WILSON GARDENS HAVANA LLC	140	0.00
US BANK REMOTE WORK LOCATIONS	33	0.00
APPLIANCE WAREHOUSE OF AMERICA	 24	0.00
Totals	\$ 5,014,805	100.00%

TABLE VII - 2023 LARGEST TAXPAYERS WITHIN DISTRICT NO. 2 (UNAUDITED)

Name	 2023 Assessed Valuation	Percent of Total Assessed Valuation
PROPERTY MANAGEMENT PARTNERSHIP	\$ 11,180,646	39.82 %
WILSON GARDENS HAVANA LLC	5,446,080	19.40
COMCAST OF CO XI INC	4,757,227	16.94
TARGET STORES #T-1413	705,342	2.51
SPROUTS FRAMERS MARKET #305 SFM LLC	269,107	0.96
KOHLS DEPT STORE #1241	232,827	0.83
ROSS DRESS FOR LESS	151,492	0.54
BUFFALO WILD WINGS #300	134,775	0.48
CHICK-FIL-A #1924	129,431	0.46
PETCO #2403	 125,147	0.45
Totals	\$ 23,132,074	82.39 %

TABLE VIII - TOTAL 2023 MILL LEVY IN THE DISTRICTS IN THE TAX INCREMENT FINANCING AREAS ¹ (UNAUDITED)

Taxing Entity	Mill Levy ²
Cherry Creek School District No. 5	47.567
Arapahoe County	11.206
City of Aurora	8.407
Havana Business Improvement District	4.500
Developmental Disability	1.000
Urban Drainage and Flood Control District	0.900
Urban Drainage and Flood Control Dist. South Platte	0.100
Sample Overlapping Mill Levy	73.680

¹ Excludes the mill levies imposed by the Districts in the amount of 25.687 mills, with respect to District No. 2, and the amount of 40.754 mills, with respect to District No. 3 (the Issuer).

² Certain properties within the Tax Increment Financing Areas are not located within the Havana Business Improvement District and therefore their total mill levy is 69.180

TABLE IX - 10-YEAR HISTORY OF URA TAXING ENTITIES MILL LEVIES IMPOSED ON PROPERTY IN URBAN RENEWAL AREA (UNAUDITED)

Taxing Entity	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
City of Aurora	8.886	8.569	8.605	8.605	8.605	8.605	8.076	8.073	7.816	8.407
Arapahoe County	12.976	14.856	15.039	12.817	13.301	11.685	12.013	11.762	12.750	11.206
Cherry Creek School District No. 5	56.702	49.703	53.232	49.687	49.995	46.997	49.724	49.012	49.863	47.567
Regional Transportation District	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
Urban Drainage and Flood Control District	0.632	0.553	0.559	0.500	0.726	0.900	0.900	0.900	0.900	0.900
Urban Drainage and Flood Control Dis. S. Platte	0.068	0.058	0.061	0.057	0.094	0.097	0.100	0.100	0.100	0.100
Total	79.264	73.739	77.496	71.666	72.721	68.284	70.813	69.847	71.429	68.180

TABLE X - HISTORICAL PROPERTY TAX REVENUES (UNAUDITED)

Year	Tax Increment Revenue		District No. 2 Property Tax Revenue ¹		strict No. 3 operty Tax Revenue	Total Pledged Property Tax Revenue		
2014	\$	1,037,001	\$ 164,867	\$	19,636	\$	1,221,504	
2015		1,300,468	120,963		17,993		1,439,424	
2016		1,486,006	128,044		24,855		1,638,905	
2017		1,649,715	135,600		27,018		1,812,333	
2018		1,724,486	131,032		29,487		1,885,005	
2019		1,781,600	137,733		30,199		1,949,532	
2020		1,810,427	142,168		30,636		1,983,231	
2021		1,871,214	140,394		33,851		2,045,459	
2022		1,943,515	142,526		38,222		2,124,263	
2023		1,990,044	146,213		26,788		2,163,045	

¹ Represents revenues generated from imposition of District No. 2 and District No. 3's debt service mill levies on the "base" assessed valuations of such Taxing Districts.

TABLE XI - HISTORICAL AURA SALES AND USE TAX INCREMENT REVENUES (UNAUDITED)

Year	Sales Tax ncrement	_	Ise Tax crements	Total		Percent Change
2014	\$ 560,087	\$	1,568	\$	561,655	(28.51)%
2015	615,373		-		615,373	9.56
2016	623,900		-		623,900	1.39
2017	704,240		-		704,240	12.88
2018	647,961		-		647,961	(7.99)
2019	572,316		-		572,316	(11.67)
2020	578,347		-		578,347	1.05
2021	692,115		-		692,115	19.67
2022	782,541		-		782,541	13.06
2023	755,597		-		755,597	(3.44)

TABLE XII - HISTORICAL SALES PIF COLLECTIONS (UNAUDITED)

	PIF	Percent	
Year	 Revenue	Change	
2014	\$ 583,204	13.60 %	
2015	650,731	11.60	
2016	658,207	1.10	
2017	652,595	(0.90)	
2018	659,206	1.00	
2019	631,096	(4.30)	
2020	582,142	(7.80)	
2021	637,055	9.40	
2022	657,251	1.03	
2023	623,328	0.95	

TABLE XIII - DEBT SERVICE FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE (UNAUDITED)

	District No. 3				
	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Revenues					
Public Improvement Fee (PIF)	\$ 631,096	\$ 582,142	\$ 637,055	\$ 657,251	\$ 623,328
Property Tax Increment	1,781,600	1,810,427	1,871,214	1,943,515	1,990,044
Property Taxes	19,648	20,727	24,130	27,785	26,788
Specific Ownership Taxes	10,846	10,220	10,085	10,856	11,147
Sales Tax Increment	572,316	578,347	692,115	782,541	755,597
Interest Income	41,731	11,873	2,178	53,294	169,398
Transfer from District No. 2	137,760	144,689	140,394	142,526	146,213
Total Revenues	3,194,997	3,158,425	3,377,171	3,617,768	3,722,515
Expenditures					
Bond/Loan Principal	1,595,000	1,695,000	1,765,000	1,900,000	2,010,000
Bond/Loan Interest	952,500	894,681	1,147,398	1,486,590	1,751,250
Paying Agent/Trustee Fees	5,500	5,500	5,500	5,500	5,500
Miscellaneous Expense	248	-	-	-	-
Treasurer's Fees	295	311	364	419	402
Total Expenditures	2,553,543	2,595,492	2,918,262	3,392,509	3,767,152
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	641,454	562,933	458,909	225,259	(44,637)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Transfer to District No. 1	(103,030)	(104,060)	(105,101)	(75,000)	75,750
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(103,030)	(104,060)	(105,101)	(75,000)	75,750
Net Change in Fund Balance	538,424	458,873	353,808	150,259	31,113
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	1,528,584	2,067,108	2,525,981	2,879,789	3,030,048
Fund Balance - End of Year	\$ 2,067,008	\$ 2,525,981	\$ 2,879,789	\$ 3,030,048	\$ 3,061,161
Coverage Factor (Revenue/Debt Service)	120%	117%	112%	104%	101%

LIST OF RETAILERS (UNAUDITED)

BALANCE OF SURPLUS FUND (UNAUDITED)

2,400,514

AA Sweets (Rocket Fizz)

Apple Colorado

AT&T New Cingular Wireless

Blazin Wings Inc - dba Buffalo Wild Wings

Chick-fil-A

Comcast of Colorado

Cricket

Dickey's BBQ Pit

Dick's Sporting Goods

Freddy's Frozen Custard

Game Stop

Jimmy John's SPCO2, LLC

Kohl's

Lane Bryant

Massage Envy Spa (Antonco LLC)

Maurice's

Menchie's (Cake Batter, LLC)

Milan Laser Hair Removal

Nail Studio

Noodles & Company

Office Depot

Papa John's (HPG Pizza)

Petco

Portier LLC

Qdoba

Sally Beauty Supply

Samben Enterprises - Sport Clips

Sprint Spectrum LP

SFM Sprouts

Starbucks

Swire Coca Cola

Target

T-Mobile Leasing

T-Mobile Financial

T-Mobile West

Ulta Salon